

# A PATH TO THE FUTURE









# National School of Architecture Fez, Morocco



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HIND MAADI



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Team: 11





# **Inspiration**



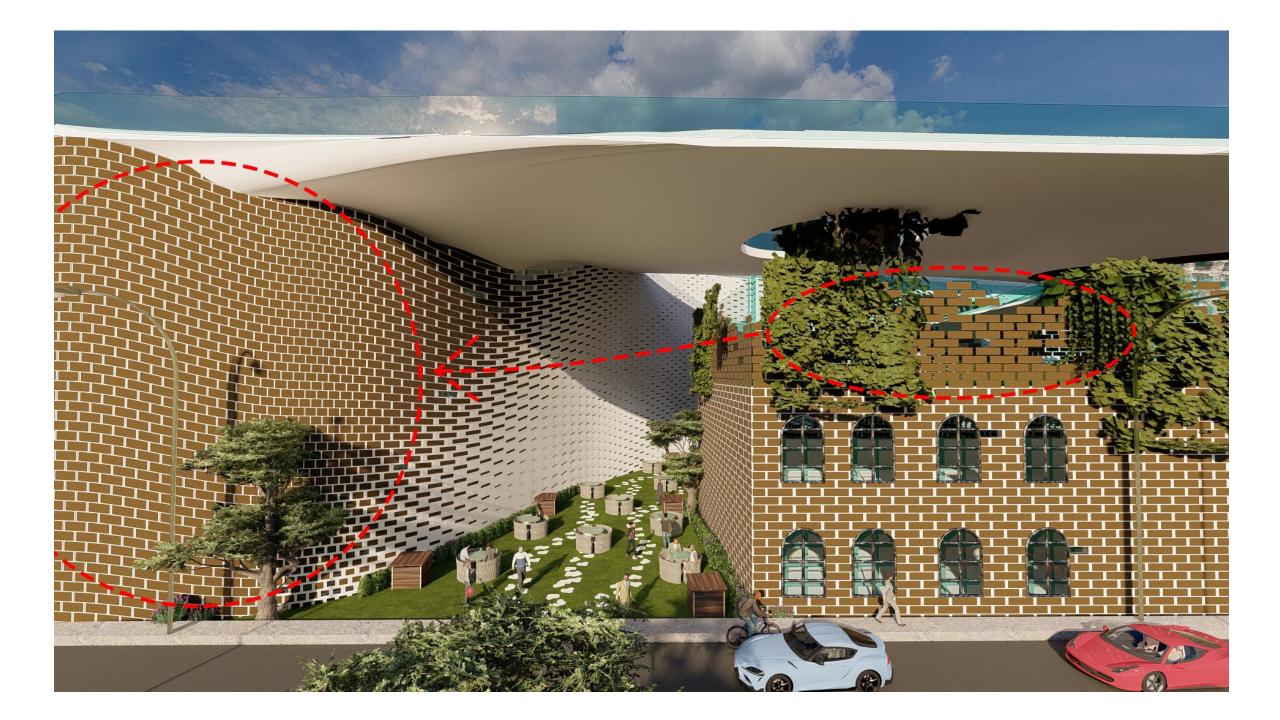


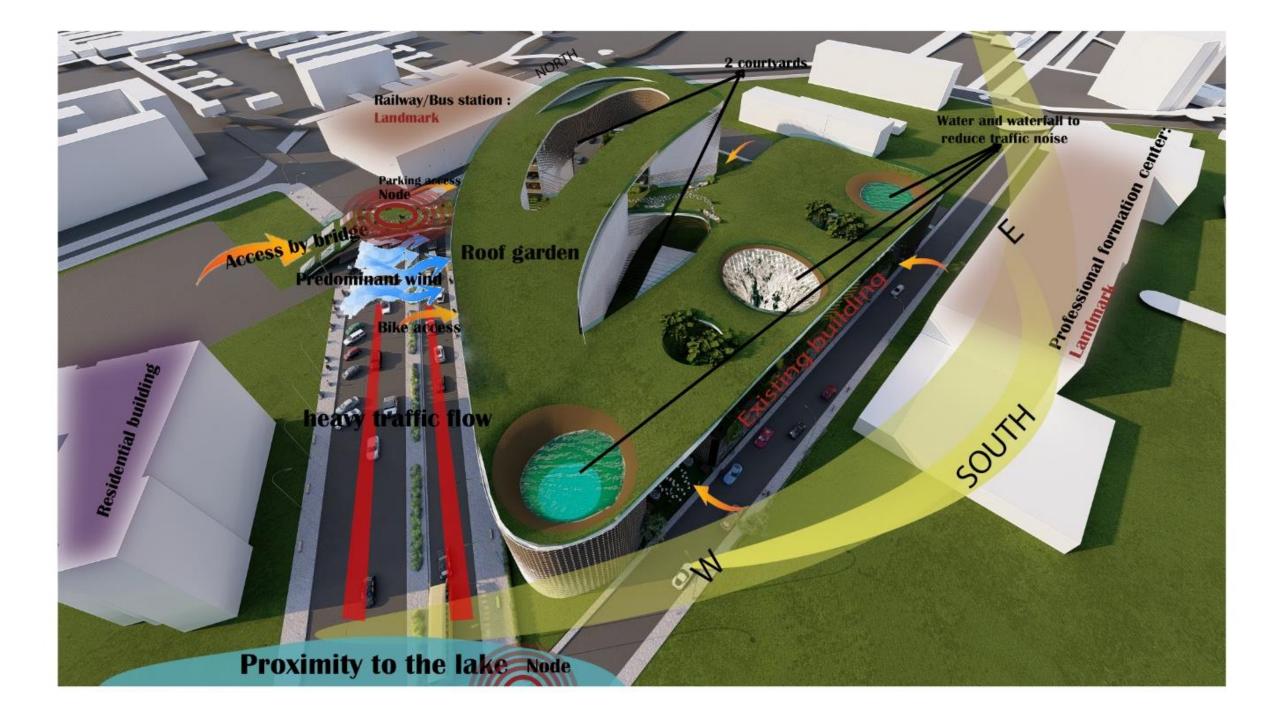




Warsaw, Poland 1941

Phœnix





Master plan :









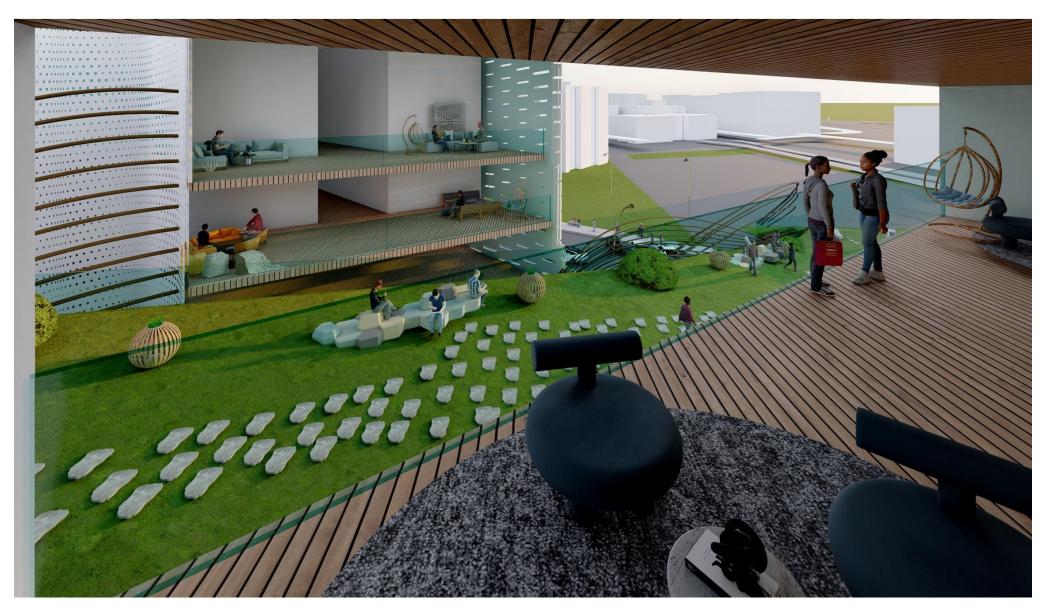














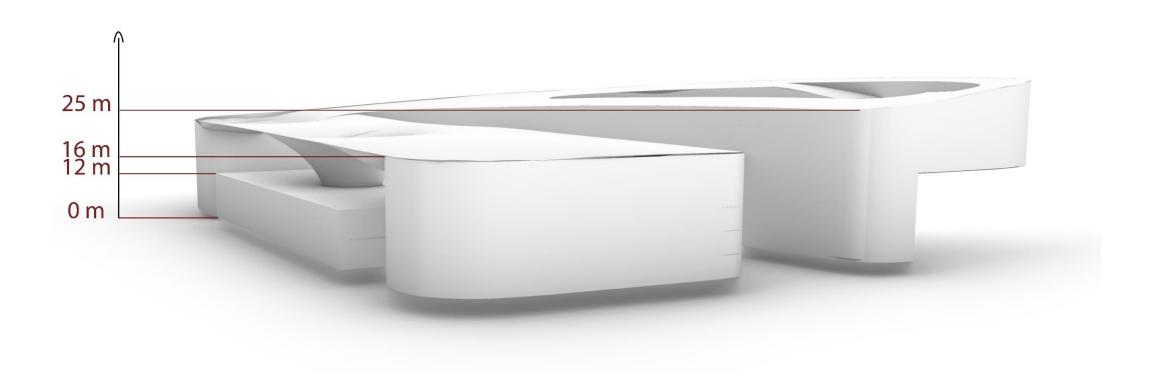


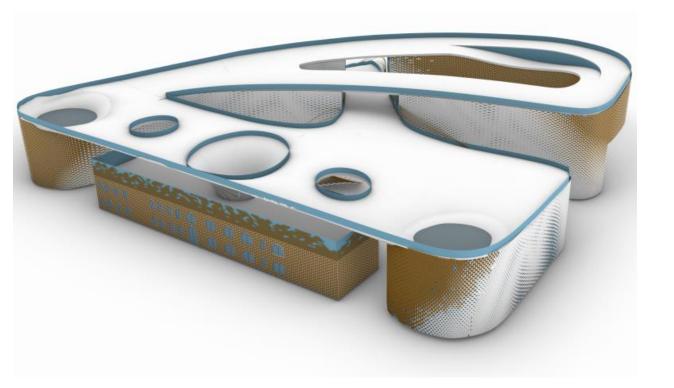




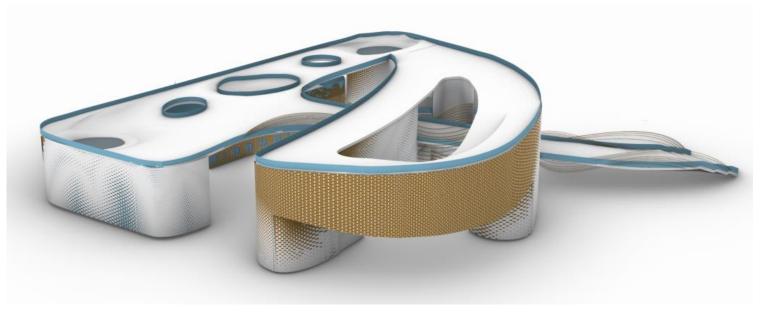


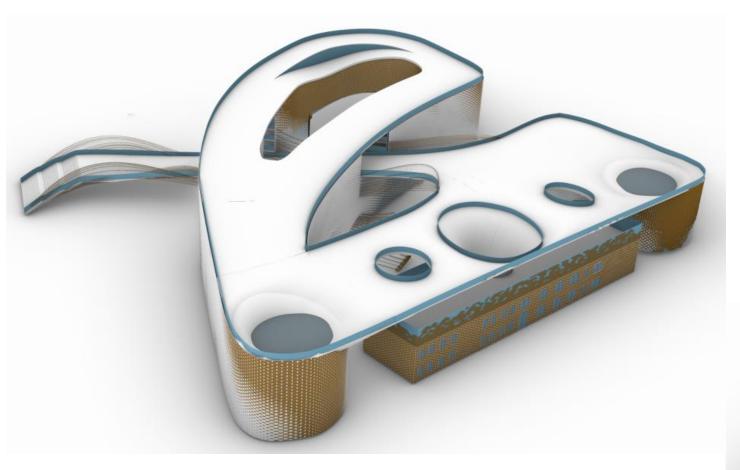
## Difference of altitude between the components of the building

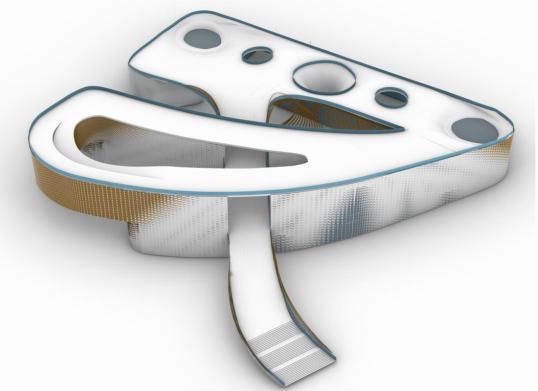




3D model of the project







# Architectural styles



Gothic architecture



Neoclassical architecture

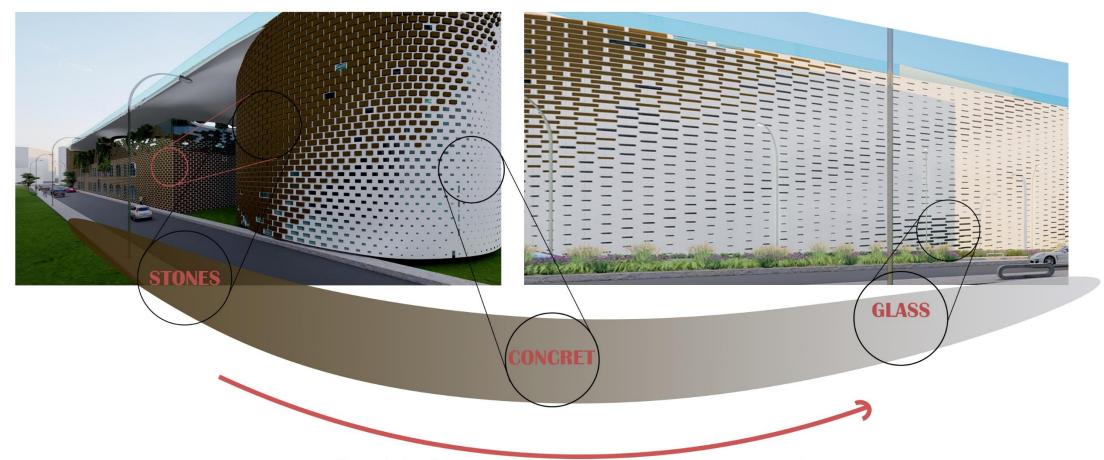


Baroque architecture



Contemporary architecture





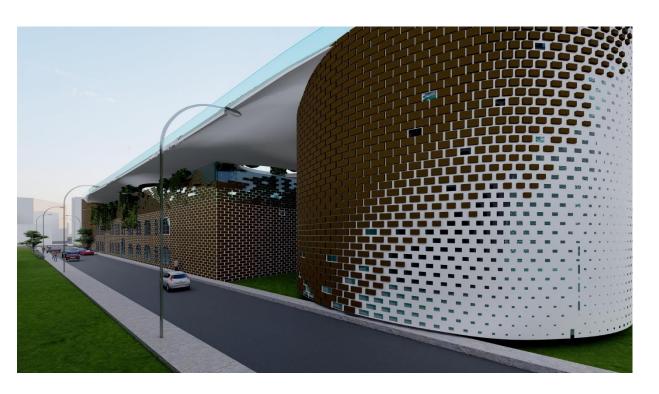
Degradation from existant historical building to the new constructions

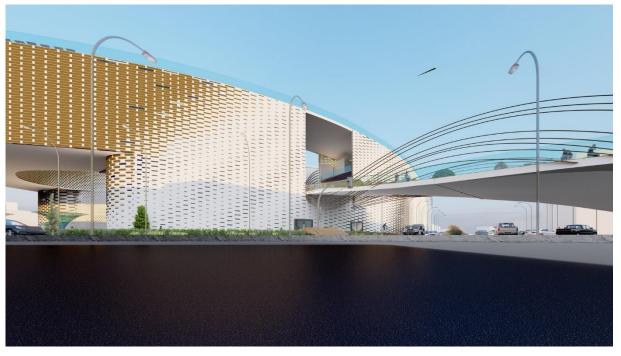










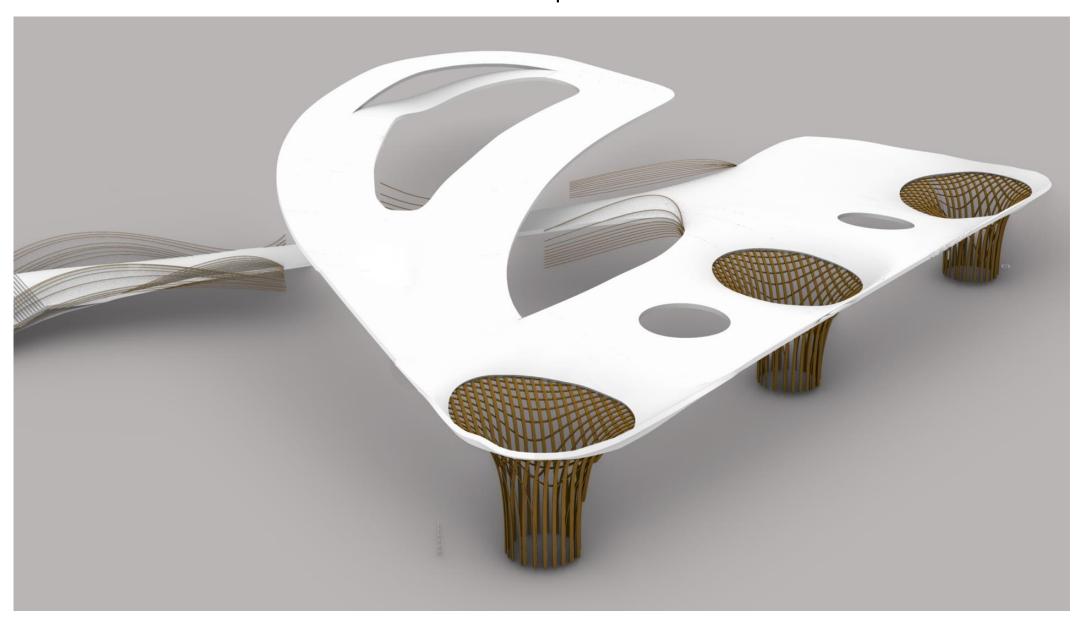




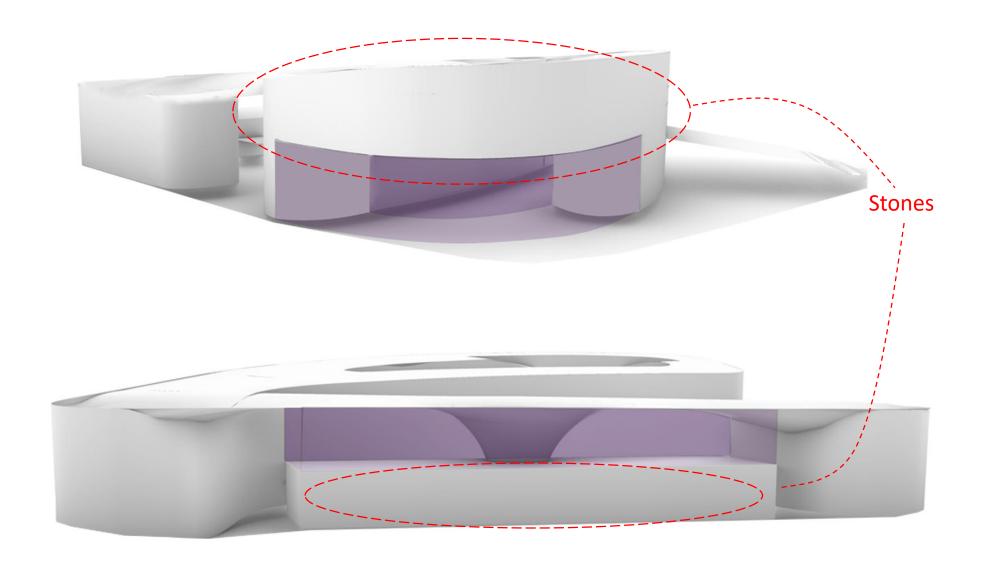


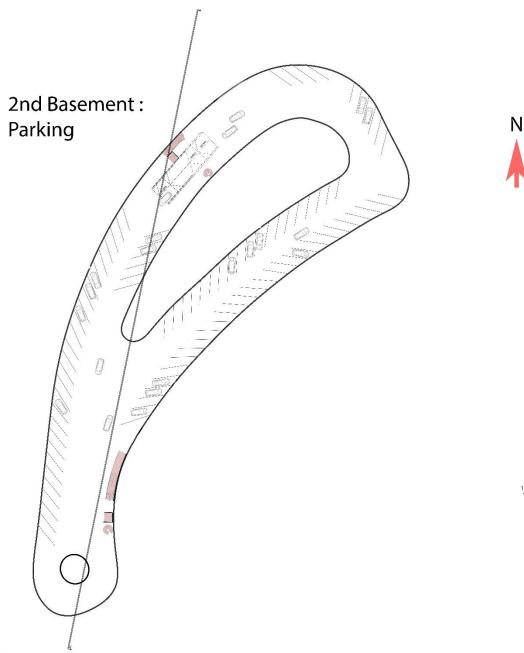


## Mushroom shaped structure



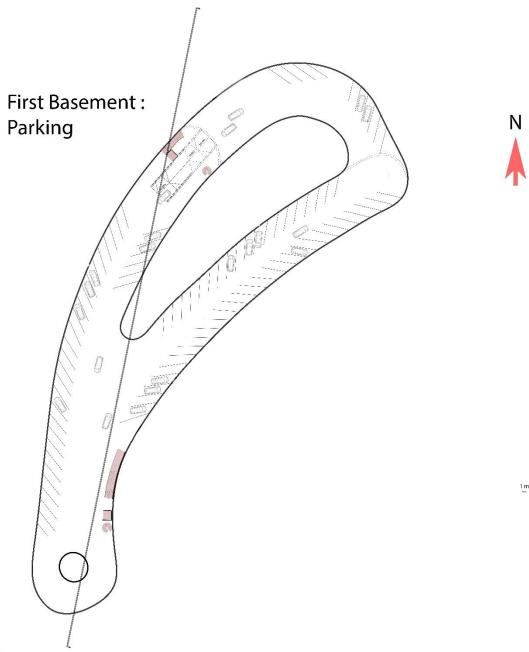
## Solid and void





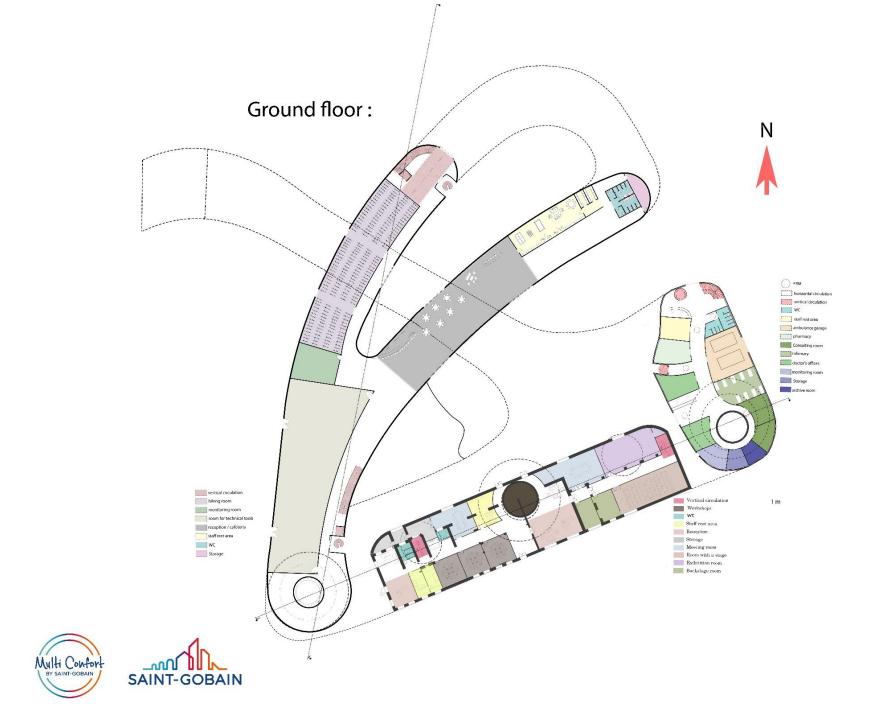


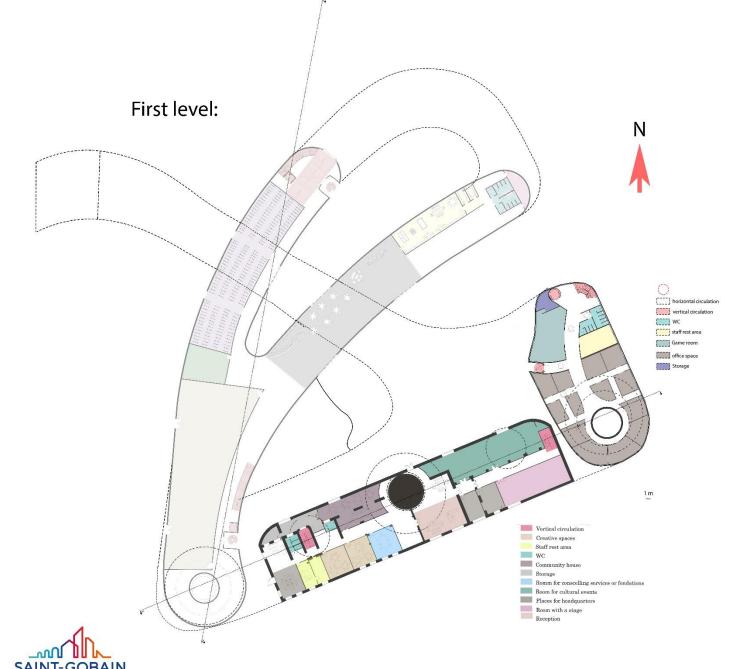






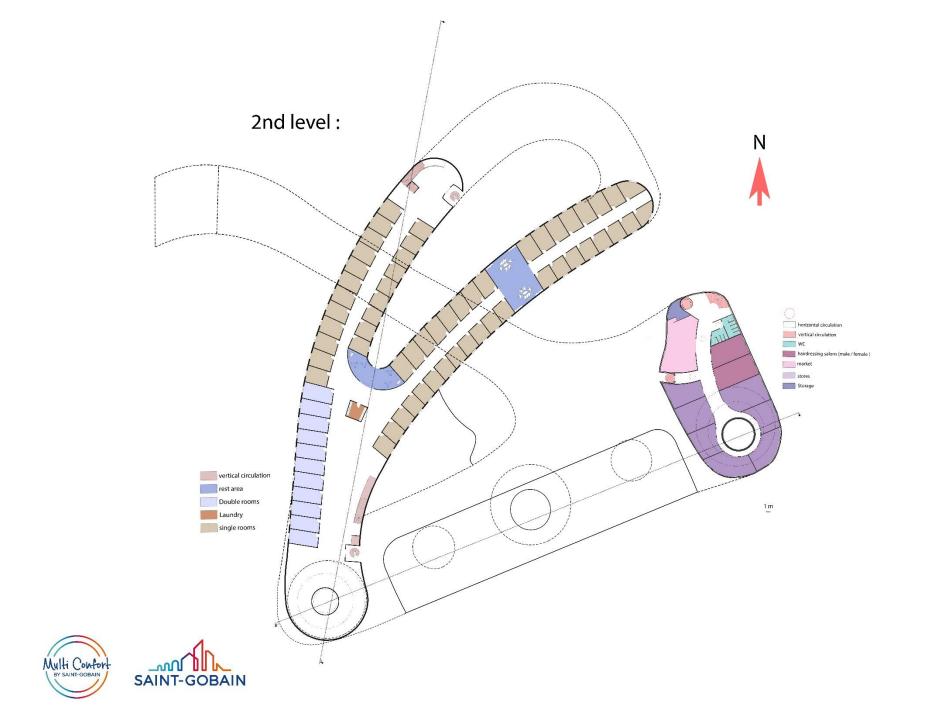


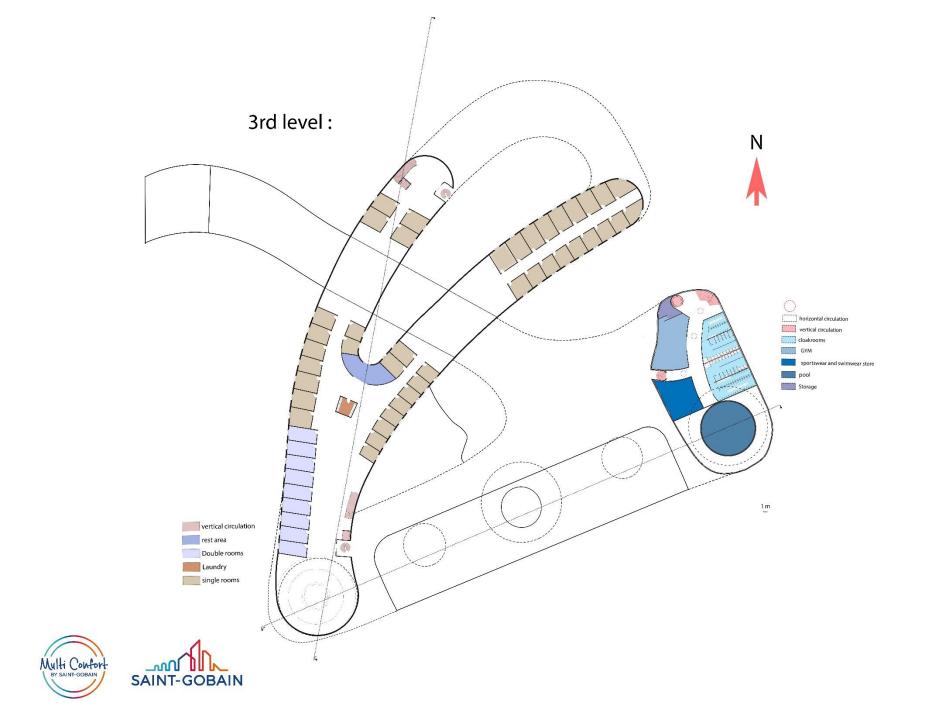


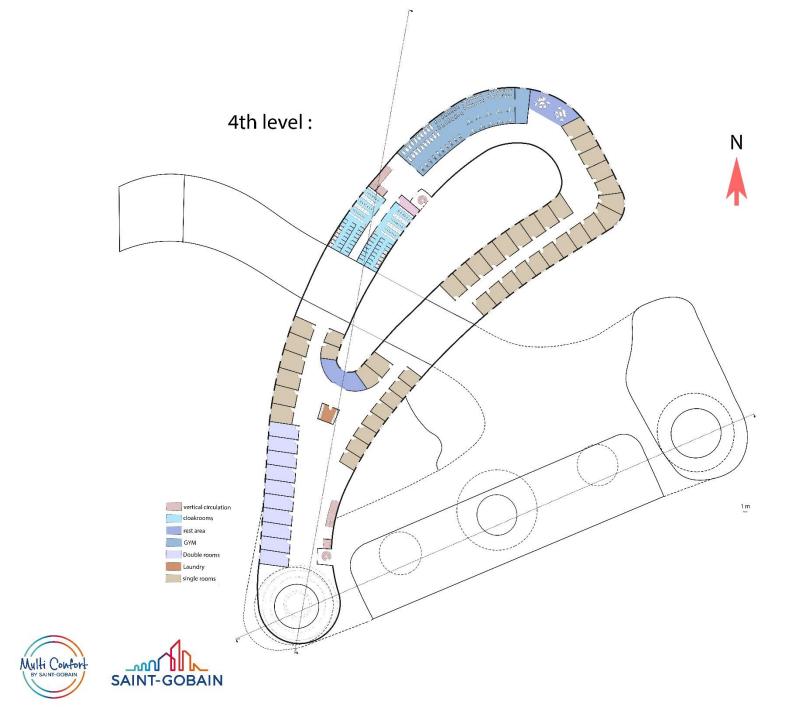


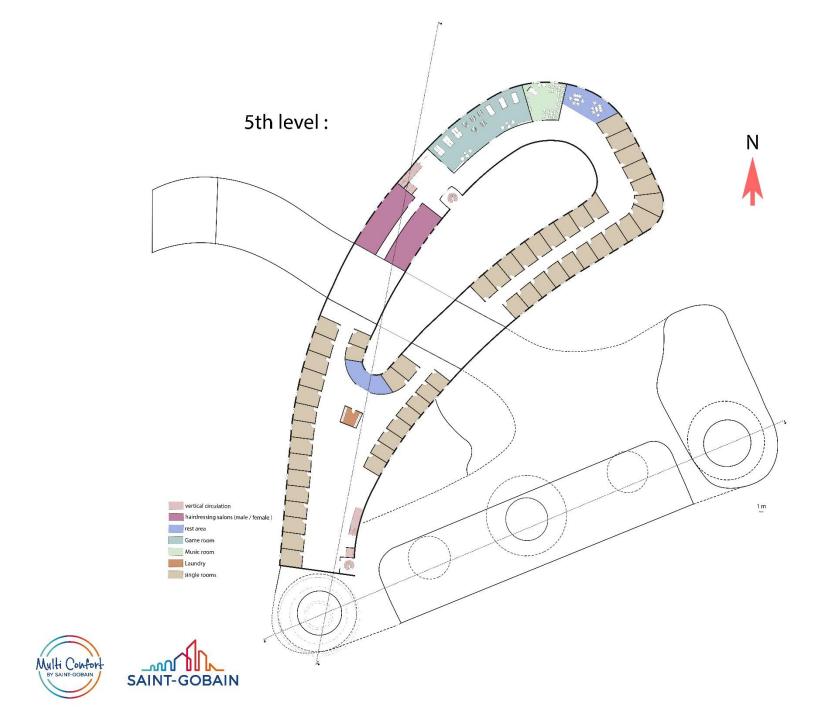


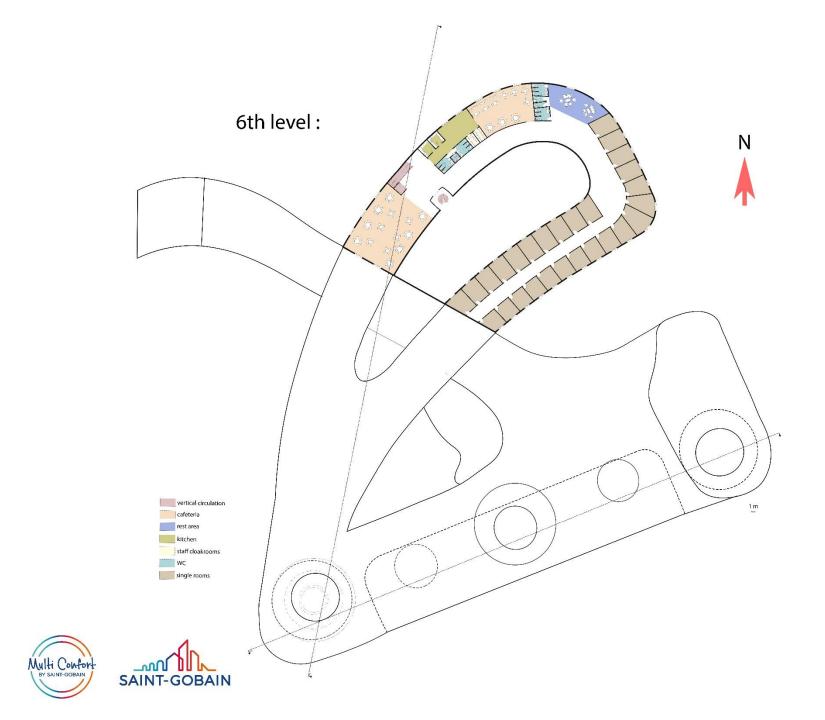


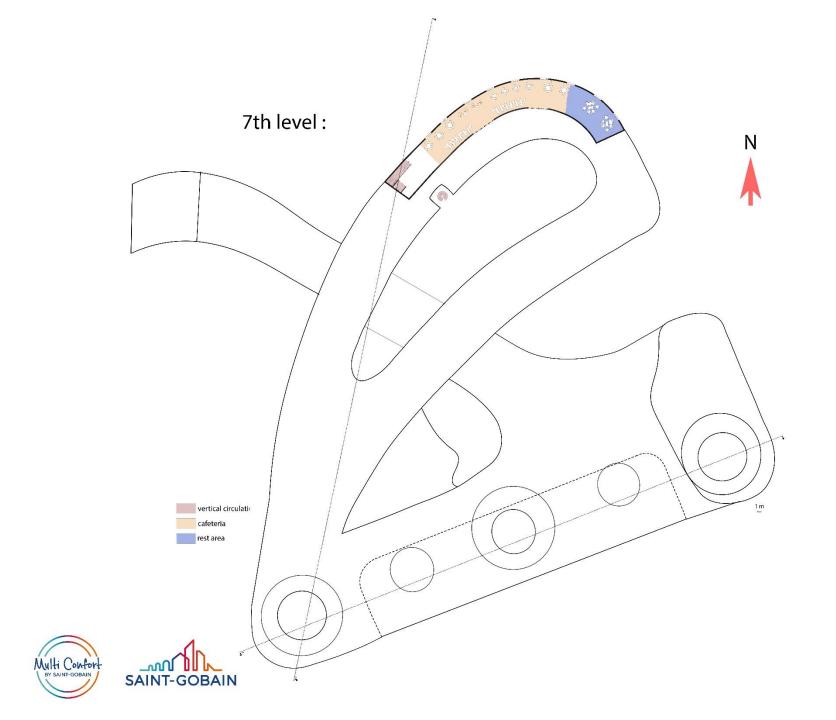


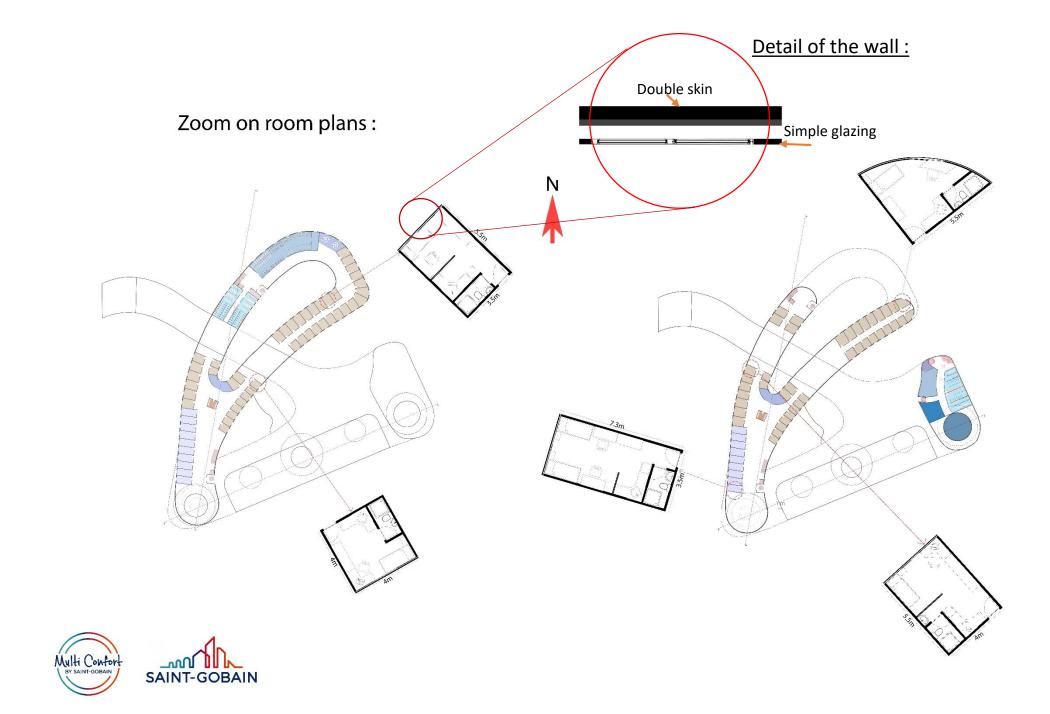




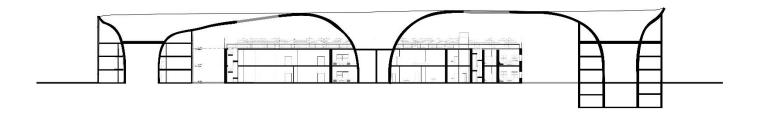




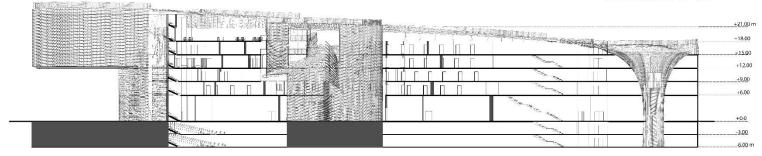




#### Section AA:



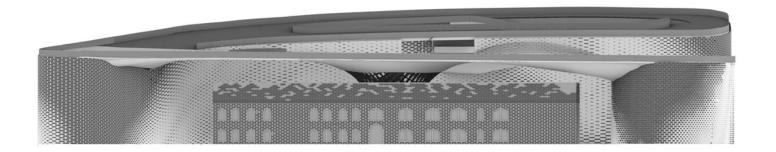
#### Section BB:



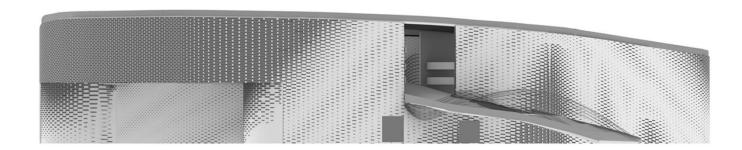




#### Front elevation:



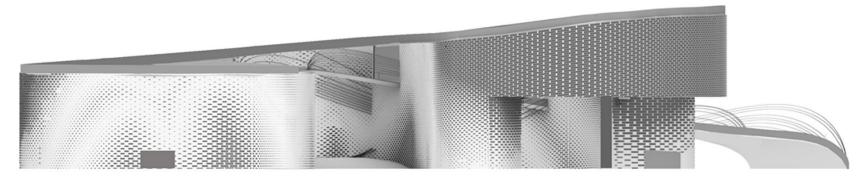
#### Rear elevation:



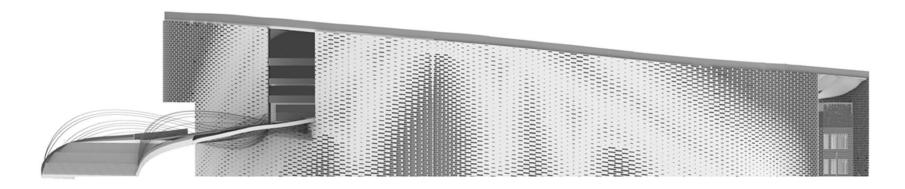




### Right side elevation :

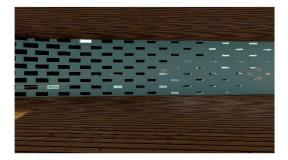


#### Left side elevation :











#### **PLANISTAR SUN**

- -Single glazing: SGG PLANILUX -Solar factor: g = 0,38

- -62 % Of solar energy does not penetrate to the building
- -Low emissivity:1%
- -Thickness: 5mm
- -Weight: 12,51
  -Standard dimensions: 6000×3210
  -Coefficients Ug:5,8 W/(m².k)

- -Easy to maintain -Light factor TL : 89%
- -RLext: 8%
- -Solar factor: 0,84 g

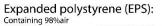
#### PLACO PHONIQUE BA13

Reduces noise by 50% Thickness:12,5 mm Weight: 11,8 kg

Essential component : plaster

Thermal resistance: 0,04 m<sup>2</sup>.k/W

POINT.P



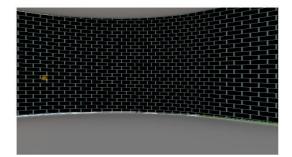
LAMBDA varies between 0.038 à 0.030 W/(m.k

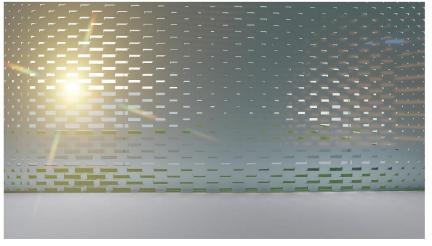




#### Low carbon concrete

Ultibat green premium Consomption: 20kg/m²/Cm Mixing rate: 2,8 \_3,5 L/25 kg Granulometry: 10 mm











#### Partition walls







AR PHONIC (glass wool) Ecological and 109% recyclable Thermal conductivity 0,040 W(m/k) Short term water absorption: <1 kg/m² in 24h Air flow resistance: 4 kPa.s/m² Trikchness: 85mm

PLACO PHONIQUE BA13

@POINT.P







GLASSOLUTIONS

SGG STADIP SILENCE Single glazing -Thickness : 6 mm -sound insulation index: Rw : 35 dB



















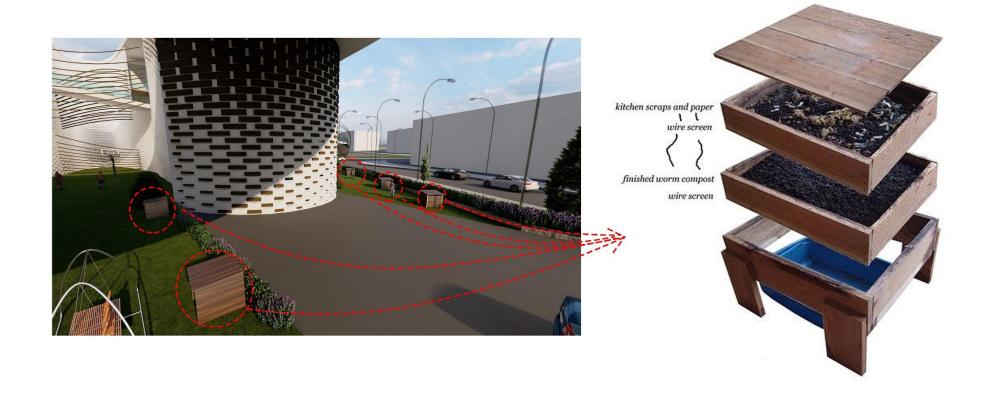
-Thickness: 340µm -Surface mass: 116 g/m² -tear resistance: ≥130N -Resistance to water vapor diffusion (Sd) > 18 m





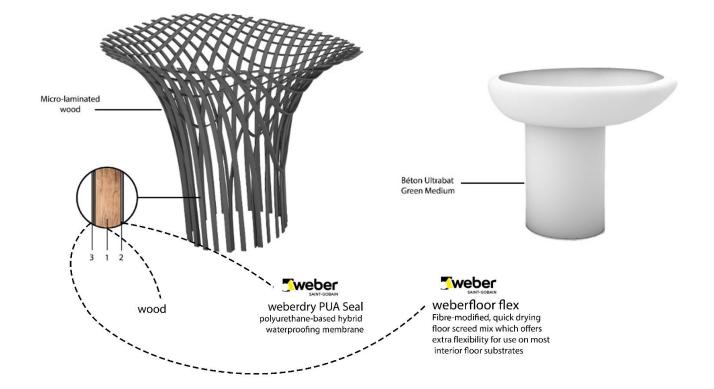






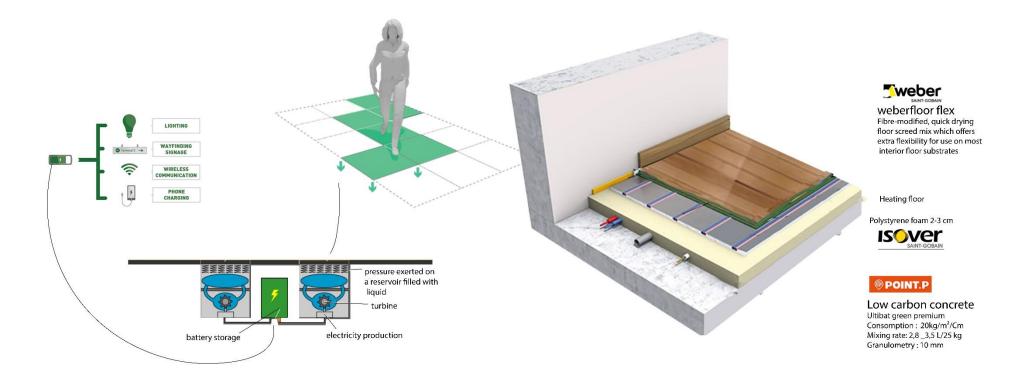






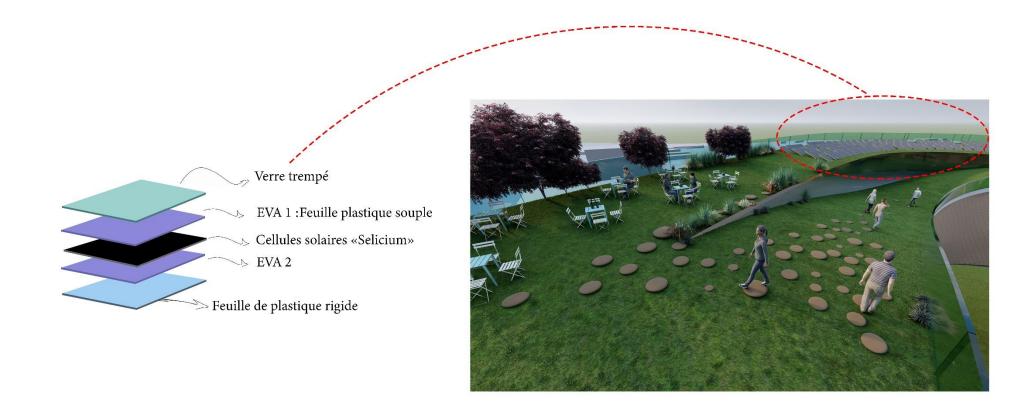
















## Phytopurification:

### The traitement of water

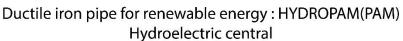
A planted filtre of macrophytes with an horizontal flow

### Pre-traitement of water

A planted filtre of Reed plants with a vertical flow







in order to take advantage of the lake that existe near the project we decided to opt for an Hydroelectric solution.

Groupe of solutions :pipes, fittings, gaskets, faucet parts...

to preserve the velocity of the water without alteration.

The pipes are provided with two types of security systems:

**Exterior Cladding** 

Interior Cladding

These pipes are provided too with a specefic locking system with the minimum number of joins used and the maximum level of security at the same time.



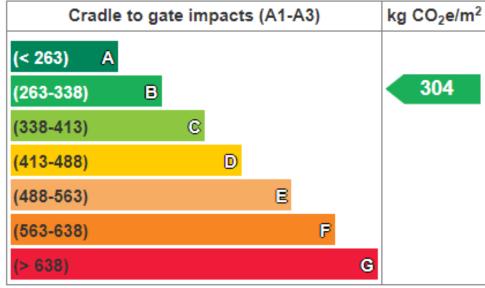




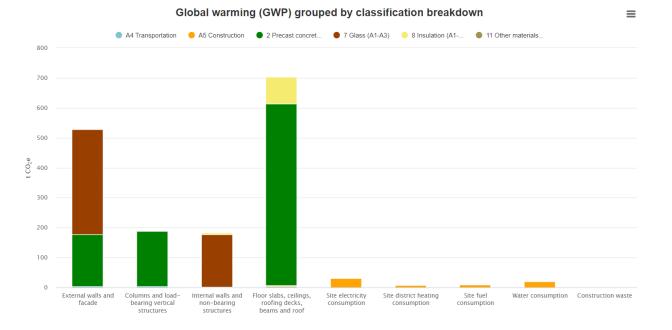
# **Life cycle analysis:**

- 1 670 Tons CO<sub>2</sub>e 9
- 83 479 € Social cost of carbon 9

## Embodied carbon benchmark 2



CH Q3 2021 Poland @



#### Global warming t CO2e - Classifications

Floor slabs, ceilings, roofing decks, beams and roof - 42.1%

External walls and facade - 31.6%
 Columns and load-bearing vertical structures - 11.3%

Internal walls and non-bearing structures - 11.0%

Site electricity consumption - 1.8%

Water consumption - 1.2%Site fuel consumption - 0.6%

Site district heating consumption - 0.4%

Construction waste - 0.0%

